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INITIATION OF SPECIAL LEGISLATION BY SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS

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ISSUE

Explain the statutory process special taxing districts must follow to request special legislation.

PROCESS

State law authorizes two methods for special taxing districts to bring a proposal for special legislation before the legislature. Under the first method, the district's board of directors or district committee must adopt a resolution by a two-thirds vote requesting the legislation and specifying the purpose for it. Alternatively, at least 10% of the district's voters may sign a petition supporting the action. They must file the petition with the district's clerk, who must determine its sufficiency.

In either case, the district clerk must file a certified copy of the resolution or petition with the secretary of the state at least 10 days before the start of the legislative session ($\overline{\text{CGS } \S 2-14}$). Once the session begins, the legislature may consider the proposal.

According to two Superior Court decisions, a district's failure to comply with CGS § 2-14 does not prohibit the legislature from passing special legislation concerning that district: "[T]o the extent that the requirements of General Statutes § 2-14 were not adhered to, or are in conflict with the Special Act, those requirements are deemed ineffective as applied to [the special act]" (Albahary v. City of Bristol, 1999 WL 185131 at 5, see also AFSCME, Council 4, Local 681 v. West Haven, 43 Conn. Supp. 470, 489, 662 A.2d 160, Aff'd, 234 Conn. 217, 661 A.2d 581 (1995)).

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